

Classroom resources Sample pack

- Grapheme cards samples & dimensions
- Picture cards samples & dimensions
- Word cards samples & dimensions
- Lesson prompt cards samples & dimensions
- Grapheme charts samples & dimensions
- Wall friezes samples & dimensions
- Teacher Guides sample extracts for Reception & Year 1



Grapheme cards







Large Grapheme Cards for Reception: Phases 2 and 3

A4 (210 x 297mm)



Grapheme Cards for Reception: Phases 2 and 3

130 x 87mm

Grapheme Cards for Year 1: Phase 5

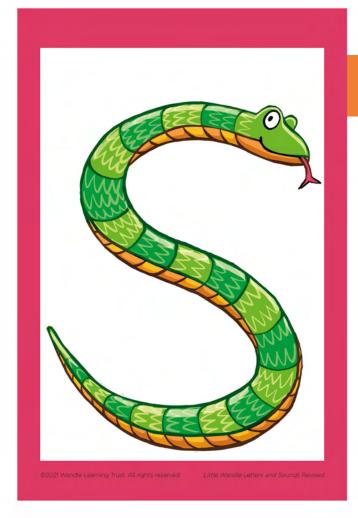
130 x 87mm

happ**y** /ee/ fl**y** /igh/ cr**y**stal /i/

Picture cards







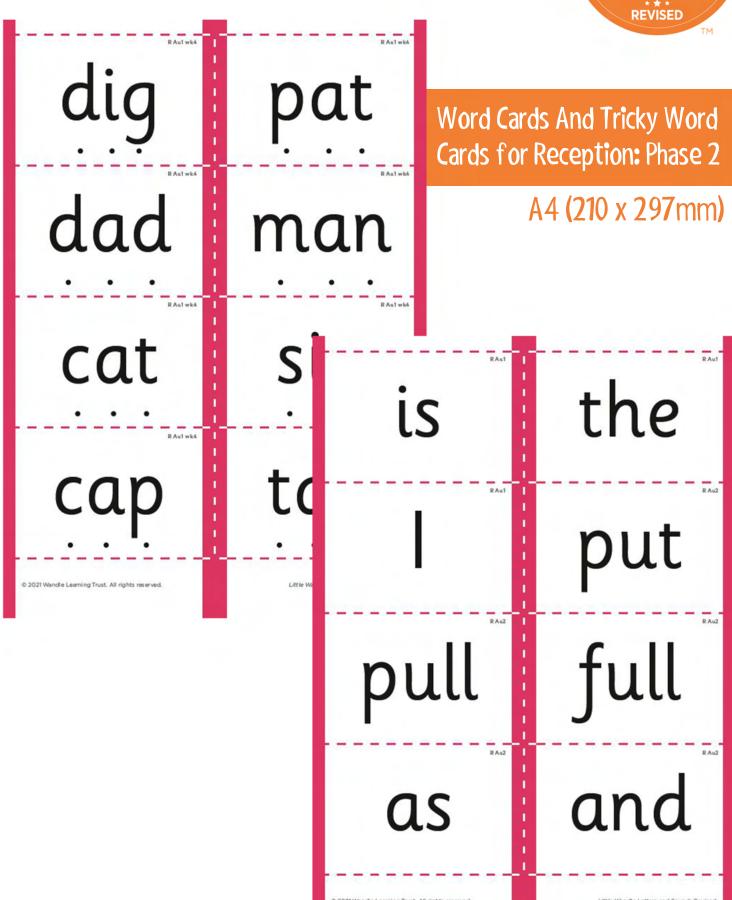
Picture cards: Phase 2

130 x 87mm













wait rain Word Cards And Tricky Word Cards for Reception: Phase 3 sail A4 (210 x 297mm) tail ail was see they my all by

are sure

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Little Wandle Letters and Sounds Revised





went help

Word Cards And Tricky Word Cards for Reception: Phase 4

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A4 (210 x 297mm)

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Little Wandle Letters and Sounds Revised





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Word Cards And Tricky Word Cards for Year 1: Phase 5

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A4 (210 x 297mm)

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Little Wandle Letters and Sounds Revised

Lesson prompt cards





Revisit and review: Four recently learned GPCs	Notes	Reception Terms: A1, 2 (All days)
Reinforce four recently learned GPCs For each GPC: Use the copy me method for each step so the children repeat after you each time. Show the mnemonic side of the grapheme card and say what the object/animal is. Draw over the letter as you say what the object/animal is. Say the sound. Show the grapheme side of the card and say the sound. Ask the children to repeat the grapheme a few times.	The four re weekly grid	ecently learned GPCs are identified on the d.
Quick review Review all graphemes, including the four above. Say: Let's read our speedy sounds. Show each grapheme card at a consistent pace to ensure quick recognition of sounds. Use the grapheme side only. Look at the children (not at the cards) to assess their reading. Do not read or mouth the sounds to the children. Shuffle the cards and repeat. Use with the 'How to videos' section of the website.	Take car Hold the Ensure th children Pay close of to ensure g Only show At this and	od flashcard control. The to turn the cards at a fairly rapid pace. The cards at the edge. The cards are at a height that is easy for the to see. The cards are at a height that is easy for the to see. The marticipation. The mnemonic side if the children are unsure. The word subsequent stage, take note of any thou are struggling, and pick up with them later in

the day.

Lesson
Prompt Cards
for Reception

A5 (148 x 210mm)

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Lesson Prompt Cards for Year 1

A5 (148 x 210mm)

Revisit and review: Words	Notes	Year 1
Quick review		
 Shuffle the cards. Tell the children to read the words without sounding out. Remind them this means blending in their heads. Show each card and sweep beneath the word to signal blending. Ensure full participation and lots of practice by asking individuals/rows of children, and then the whole class again, to read each word. Shuffle again, asking children to read at a quicker pace this time. Ensure there is enough time for the children to read each word. Look at the children (not at the cards) to assess their reading and readiness to blend. 	Watch the children carefully to ensure in their heads. (Children will often mot themselves at this stage.) Encourage the children to indicate — (e.g. nodding their head, thumbs up) ready to blend. Provide additional keep-up sessions, clesson, for the children who are strug	outh the sounds to with a silent gesture — when they are outside of the phonics

Revisit and review: Tricky words	Notes Year 1
Quick review Use all the tricky words covered in the week. Tell the children you want them to read the words quickly. Show each card. Ensure there is enough time for the children to read each word. Look at the children (not at the cards) to assess their reading.	Ideally, the children will read these words quickly and commit them to their long-term memory (orthographic store). If the children cannot read a tricky word, identify the 'tricky bit' by pointing to the tricky grapheme and saying its sound. Take note of the children who are not able to say the words with automaticity, and provide additional support outside of the lesson.

Little Wandle Letters and Sounds Revised

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Grapheme charts





ira	phe	me	cha	rt							Pho	ise 2	2 an	ıd 3
s s ss	t tt	p pp	n nn	m m mm	d dd	9 99	c k ck cc	r r rr	₹a h	b bb	f ff	P l ll	j j	V VV
W	X	9	Z Z ZZ S	q u qu	ch	sh	th th	n g ng	nk nk	a	e e	jk i	0	u
ai	66	igh	oa	800	00	ar	or	ur	er	ow 0W	oi	ear	air	

Grapheme Chart for Reception: Phases 2 and 3

A1 (594 x 841mm), rolled

Grapheme charts



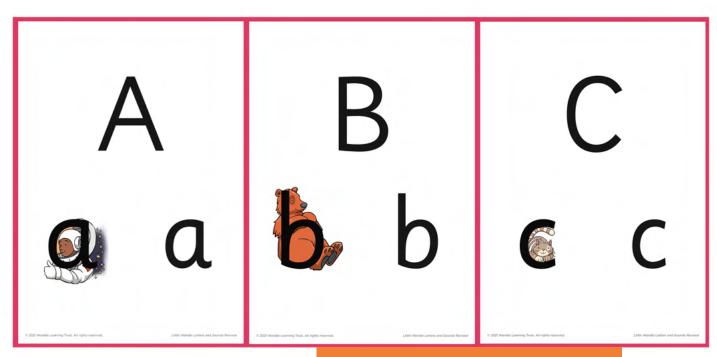


Grow the code grapheme chart Phase 2, 3 and 5														
s s ss c se ce st sc	t tt	P P PP	n n nn kn gn	m m mm mb	d dd	9 99	c k ck cc	r r rr wr	−h i h	b b bb	f f ff ph	Î l ll le al	j g dge ge	v vv ve
w w wh	X	y	Z Z ZZ S Se Ze	q u qu	ch tch ture	sh ch ti ssi si	t h th	n g ng	n k nk	a a	e e ea	i y	o a	u o-e ou
ai ay a a-e eigh aigh ey	ee ea e e-e y ey	igh ie i i-e y	oa o o-e ou oe ow	ew ou ui	yoo ue u u-e ew	oo u* oul	ar a* al*	or aw au aur oor al a oar ore	ur er ir or	ow ou	oi oy	ear ere eer	air are ere ear	zh su si

Grapheme Chart for Year 1: Phase 5

A0 (841 x 1189mm), rolled

Wall friezes

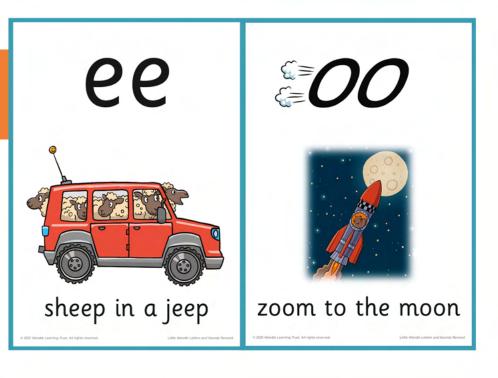


Wall Frieze for Reception: Phase 2

Total length 6.72m Folded to A4 (210 x 297mm concertina)

Wall Frieze for Reception: Phase 3

Total length 2.94m Folded to A4 (210 x 297mm concertina)







Teacher's Guide Reception Individual and Group Keep-up

A complete systematic synthetic phonics programme

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Individual keep-up support

Short five-minute daily sessions

- Learning to blend is the most important reading skill for the children to master in Reception.
- Use these one-to-one sessions to ensure all the children can read words independently.
- Do not stop teaching the children new GPCs in class to do so risks these children falling further behind their peers.
- Do not stop these daily individual keep-up sessions until the child can read words independently.

For support, you will find 'How to' videos in the keep-up section on the website and easy-to-follow **Prompt cards** in this Teacher's Guide covering:

- Phase 2: Teaching a new GPC
- All phases: Precision teaching
- Phases 2 and 3: Teaching a digraph/trigraph
- Oral blending: Blend from the box and Point to the picture
- Phase 2: Blending and reading words super-supported method
- Phase 2: Blending and reading words supported method
- Phase 2: Blending and reading words whisper method
- Phase 2: Blending and reading words independent reading
- Phase 3: Reading words
- All phases: Reading words with speedy digraph recognition
- Phase 4: Reading words with adjacent consonants
- All phases: Reading words without overt blending
- Phases 3 and 4: Reading longer words
- All phases: Reading tricky words.

Prompt cards

Phase 2: Teaching a new GPC

• Shuffle and repeat, incrementally moving the new card back.

• Each time the child reads the new grapheme correctly,

they 'win' the card. Then ask the child to give you the

card back to see if they can win it again.

You will need:

- grapheme card and picture card for the GPC you are teaching
- objects for What's in the box? see Phase 2 grapheme chart on pages 17-20
- grapheme cards that the child can read with confidence for Win it!
- sticker on which to write the grapheme for the child after the session.

What to do **Notes Phoneme** • Model the correct enunciation of the phoneme a few times. • Prior to teaching, ensure you practise the pronunciation • Ensure the child can see how you make the sound. phrase (see Phase 2 grapheme chart, pages 17-20) so you • Practise saying the sound together. Then ask the child to can teach the child how to form the phoneme correctly. say it after you, several times. • Ensure you use a clear voice. • You may need to exaggerate your mouth movements to help the child really 'see' how to make the sound. What's in the box? • Explain that all the objects in your box begin/end with the • Use the picture card for the GPC you are teaching in What's in the box? (see Phase 2 grapheme chart on same sound. pages 17-20). • Take out each object one by one. Say what it is, emphasising the initial/end sound. • You will need to source the other objects listed in the • Use the copy me method so the child says the sound and Phase 2 GPC grid for the grapheme you are teaching. • Graphemes at the end of words are 'x'. 'ck'. 'll'. 'ff'. 'ss' then the name of the object. and '77' Grapheme • Show the mnemonic side of the grapheme card. · Always say the sound when you say the mnemonic, • Draw the letter formation over the picture as you say the including in the copy me method and Grapheme game. sound - saying the mnemonic at the end of the letter • Ensure there is lots of repetition of reading and saying (e.g. d d d duck). the grapheme. • Repeat a few times using the copy me method. The child • Play the **Grapheme game** several times to ensure the child can draw the letter formation over the picture as you say has lots of practice. This will help move the grapheme into the sound together. their long-term memory. • Show the child the grapheme side of the card. Draw the letter formation over the grapheme as you say the sound. • Repeat a few times using the copy me method. The child can draw the letter formation over the grapheme as you say the sound together. • Play the **Grapheme game**. Show alternate sides of the card as the child calls out. Repeat. Win it! • Add the new grapheme card to the review pack. Make • Choose graphemes that the child can read securely for sure it is close to the top of the pack. Win it! If they do not read a grapheme easily, put that • Each time the child reads the new grapheme, stop the grapheme to the side and teach it in the next session. game, shuffle the cards and move the card back a bit in • Play Win it! a few times, putting the new grapheme back several cards each time, to ensure the child has lots of

practice. This will help move the grapheme into their long-

• Write the new grapheme on a sticker and stick it on the

child's top or sleeve in such a way that they can look

 Make sure the class teacher and parent/carer are told which graphemes the child is learning with you, so they

can practise them with the child at other times.

term memory.

down and read it.

All phases: Precision teaching

- Use this activity to give children repeated practice, which will help them gain fluency and aid automatic recall of GPCs.
- You can also use this **precision teaching method** with words and tricky words just set up the grid with the appropriate words that need additional practice.

You will need:

- grapheme card for the GPC you are teaching
- photocopy of the blank grapheme grid:
 - Write the focus grapheme at least twice in each row in random places.
 - Write three other graphemes that the child knows fluently into the other spaces on the grid.

What to do **Notes** Focus grapheme Show the child the grapheme side of the grapheme card. • You can also use the Phase 2 and 3 grapheme mat to Draw the letter formation over the grapheme as you say point to graphemes that the child needs to practise to the sound. gain fluency. • Repeat a few times, using the copy me method. • Choose up to four graphemes to practise and point to • The child can draw the letter formation over the them in random order on the mat. grapheme as you say the sound together. This method can be used with words as well as GPCs. **Grapheme grid** • Put the filled-in grapheme grid in front of the child. · Model pointing to the focus grapheme on the grid and reading it aloud. • Point to the focus grapheme on the grid and ask the child to read. · Ask the child to find the focus grapheme, point to it • Now ask the child to read all the graphemes in each line as you point. • If the child does not recognise a grapheme, tell them the sound, get them to repeat and continue. • Repeat, building on fluency.





Teacher's Guide Year 1 Individual and Group Keep-up

A complete systematic synthetic phonics programme

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Phase 4: Reading words with adjacent consonants

You will need:

- Phase 2 and 3 grapheme cards to make the words the child will read
- Phase 4 word cards, if the child progresses to independent reading
- sticker to write the word on for the child after the session.

What to do

Use the grapheme cards and check which GPCs the child can read fluently. Use these GPCs to make up the words for this session.

Whisper method

- For each word:
 - Put out the cards to make the word.
 - Model reading. Whisper and point to each grapheme. Sweep and blend.

Child

- · Ask the child to have a go at reading.
- Ask them to say each phoneme as you point to each grapheme.
- Ask them to blend as you sweep beneath the word.

Together

• Ask the child to join in and point to each grapheme, then say its phoneme, sweep and blend the word.

Assess

- If the child is successful, read another word with this method - this time without whisper blending - and then try independent reading with word cards.
- If the child is not successful, ask them to read the word with you. Then repeat the whole process for a few other words.

Assess: Mix it up

• Choose two words you have already read.

For each word:

- Mix up the grapheme cards. Put them in the correct order to make the word.
- Model reading. Read and point to each grapheme. Sweep and blend.
- Mix up the cards and give them to the child.

Child

- Ask the child to put the cards into the correct order to make the word.
- Ask them to point to each grapheme and say each phoneme.
- · Ask them to sweep beneath the word and blend to read the word.

- Start making words with adjacent consonants and short vowel sounds. Words with two adjacent consonants at the end such as 'went' or 'help' are easier to start with.
- · Move to two adjacent consonants at the beginning of words, such as 'drum' or 'smell', before reading words with three adjacent consonants, such as 'strap' or 'strong'.
- You can find a full list of Phase 4 words on page 20.
- If needed, repeat the process with adjacent consonants and long vowel sounds.

- · Choose one word from the session to make a sticker, and stick it upside down on the child's top or right way up on their sleeve so they can look down and read it.
- Make sure the class teacher and parent/carer are told which words they are reading in these sessions - so that they can practise them with the child at other times.

All phases: Reading words without overt blending

You will need:

- word cards that the child can read but for which they continue to use overt blending when reading
- sticker to write the word on for the child after the session.

What to do **Notes** Reading with overt blending For each word: Use the cards without the sound buttons. · Put the word card in front of the child. · Choose one word from the session to make a sticker, and • Ask if they can see any digraphs in the word. stick it upside down on the child's top or right way up on their sleeve so they can look down and read it. • Make sure the class teacher and parent/carer are told Child • Ask the child to sound-talk each grapheme and then which words they are reading in these sessions - so that they can practise them with the child at other times. blend to read the word aloud. • Ask them to point to each grapheme and then sweep beneath as they blend. Do not help the child. Together · Ask the child to join in and read the word, blending in their head. Sweep beneath the word as you read. · If the child is successful, read another word with this method. • If the child is confident, move on to reading without overt blending - blending in their head to read the word aloud. Reading without overt blending For each word: • Put the word card in front of the child. · Ask them to point to any digraphs in the word and say what they are. • Tell the child to read the words on the cards without sounding out.

Assess

· Repeat.

• If the child is successful, read another word with this

• Ask them to sweep beneath the word as they read.

• If the child is still blending aloud, go back to **Reading with** overt blending